2024-25

St Paul's Catholic School Pupil Premium Strategy Statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2024 to 2025 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	St Paul's Catholic School
Number of pupils in school	1143 (936 in Yrs 7-11)
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	19% (186 students)
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2024-27
Date this statement was published	November 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	August 2025
Statement authorised by	S Conaghan
Pupil premium lead	N Cockcroft
Governor / Trustee lead	F Harris

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£187,488
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	N/A
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	N/A
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

All members of staff and the governing body accept responsibility for 'socially disadvantaged' pupils and are committed to meeting their pastoral, social and academic needs within a caring and nurturing environment. We hope that each child will develop a love for learning and acquire skills and abilities commensurate with fulfilling their potential and as an adult finding employment.

High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	On entry, 28% of the cohort disadvantaged students (compared with 14% of the cohort of non-disadvantaged students) are below their expected reading age, this impacts on students' extended writing ability, comprehension of complex texts, access to the content within lessons and oracy and their ability to articulate their learning plans; ultimately leading to lower attainment across a suite of subjects.
	Our assessments, observations and discussions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional issues for many pupils, such as anxiety, depression (diagnosed by medical professionals) and low selfesteem. This is partly driven by concern about catching up on lost learning and exams/prospects. These challenges particularly affect disadvantaged pupils, including their attainment. Teacher referrals for support remain high. 58 pupils (15 of whom are disadvantaged, 27% DA compared to 19% of school community) currently require additional support with social and emotional needs.
2	Analysis of 'low level' behaviour sanctions (DA students are twice as likely as the non-DA peers to receive a detention) demonstrate that students often lack the self-regulation strategies in the classroom to access and manage their learning effectively.

	1.
	Our attendance data over the last 3 years indicates that attendance among disadvantaged pupils has been between 5-6 % lower than for non-disadvantaged pupils.
3	36.0% (Nat. 47.8%) of disadvantaged pupils have been 'persistently absent' compared to 21.1 % (34.0% Nat.) of their peers during that period. Our assessments and observations indicate that absenteeism is negatively impacting disadvantaged pupils' progress.
4	The cultural capital of many students is low (data obtained from year 7 on entry shows this), and they are not exposed to enough opportunities to widen their horizons and tap into gifts and talents.
5	In line with national data, some PP students do not progress onto Level 4 study in line with non-disadvantaged students' data. 75 % of DA students moved onto L4 compared to 77 % of their non-DA peers.
	At St Paul's we understand the important of developing strong study habits and homework is an integral part of this. Our less advantaged students are more likely to need support in developing these study habits and we use several platforms that are easily accessible and to use. This is to work on the statistic that although only 15.3 % of out cohort last year was PP 32% of homework detentions were awarded to DA students. Consequently, we have invested in SatchelOne to allow students to effectively monitor their homework and GCSEpod which is a platform which supports homework and allows students to develop those crucial study skills.
6	Parents often struggle to fully clothe and equip their child for school; therefore, we have assigned an amount of money that can be used at their discretion. Additionally, this discretionary fund is used for school trips and other forms of enrichment that students would otherwise miss out on if they did not have this fund to fall back on. An additional amount of money is assigned for students at KS4 and 5 to buy them revision materials, should money be a barrier to them accessing
7	these. Although DA students are making better progress than in previous years, they are still lagging behind their non-DA peers in both English and maths, so interventions in these subjects need to be maintain in the academic year 24-25.
	2023 GCSE English All -0.3 DA -0.7 2024 , All 0.2 DA -0.3
8	2023 GCSE maths All -0.3 DA -0.9 2024 All 0.3 DA -0.2

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria	
	Improved attainment measured through end of year tests/GCSE results.	
	2023 GCSE English	
	All -0.3	DA -0.7
	2024	
	All 0.2	-0.3
	Improved prog	ress 8 scores
	2023 P8	A8
	All 0.2	4.9
	DA -0.8	4.1
For all students to be adept readers and	2024 P8	A8
writers; able to articulate their learning and reading broadly and widely to enrich	All 0.3	5.0
their curriculum experience, measured	DA -0.1	4.7
through student voice, analysis of assessment data, learning walks and improved overall attainment at each Key Stage	 Student voice to show that students are confident and competent in knowing how to improve their learning through an understanding of their 'next steps' Interventions used effectively 	
	Decrease in detentions/isolations an exclusions data.	
	23-24	Exclusions data
	DA	Non-DA
	48.4 % (53/109.5)	51.6 % (56.5/109.5)
	22-23	
	DA	Non-DA
	57.3 % (82/143)	42.7 % (63/143)
Consistent application of behaviour for learning approaches improving students'	for receive a de DA peers and reduce this throand support. • Students demo	eve been twice a likely etention as their non-we are looking to bugh early intervention enstrate positive ir learning in student
experience; analysis of behaviour sanctions (detentions/isolations and exclusions) analysis of the use of pastoral support programs and alternative provision for disadvantaged students. attitudes to their learning in students voice (data obtained in Dept Re Exercise) Increased use of homework cludisadvantaged students at KS3 Pastoral support manager is cultivides to their learning in students voice (data obtained in Dept Re Exercise) Increased use of homework cludisadvantaged students at KS3 Pastoral support manager is cultivides to their learning in students voice (data obtained in Dept Re Exercise)		ained in Dept Review of homework club by students at KS3. ort manager is currently

	below the threshold for working with either of our mental health leads. The intention of this is to put in place early intervention so that students' issues do not escalate to the point where they require more intensive intervention. This is being trialled to see how effective this is as a strategy.
Persistent absenteeism rates decrease amongst disadvantaged students measured through weekly, monthly and termly attendance data.	Termly tracking of PA students and the evaluation of effectiveness of actions/interventions. Data is generated weekly by VBA to send to HoY to discuss with SLT line manager.
An increase in disadvantaged students accessing level 4 courses to improve life chances and increase social mobility	 Using intended destinations data collated over time Use of Connexions to expose disadvantaged students to opportunities on level 4 courses and/or training. QA – student voice, learning walks, careers week evaluation, compass evaluation.
Disadvantaged students to be given the opportunity to learn an instrument	100% uptake of peripatetic lessons in current Year 7 rolling into other years
Students are supported in boosting their mental health by the support of our mental health workers and consequently their attendance and attainment improve.	 Attendance to school and lessons improves Attainment improves Students develop self-regulation skills and can support themselves using the strategies that they have been taught.
Students are supported to complete homework which consolidates their learning in class	 Those students how require support are invited to attend homework club. Attendance is regular and sustained Detentions for homework decrease for those students who attend homework club.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £37,019

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Students are able to confidently articulate what they 'know, understand and can do' as a result of ambitious teaching Lead Practitioners	QA during 2023-24 showed a greater level of retrieval practice as curriculum plans were refined and carefully sequenced but this is still not embedded	1
A program of CPD on teaching strategies that develop effectiveness and efficiency of learning in all classrooms.	The quality of classroom teaching is the most vital strategy in improving outcomes for DA students. EEF Pupil Premium Guide, Pupil Premium Guide Apr 2022 1.0.pdf (d2tic4wvo1iusb.cloudfront.net)	1
Development of excellent classroom practice for individuals by implementation of a structured program of Instructional Coaching for teachers at all careers stages.	In terms of impact on student outcomes, instructional coaching has one of the strongest evidence bases of any form of CPD, Four reasons instructional coaching is currently the best-evidenced form of CPD – Sam Sims Quantitative Education Research	1
To develop meta- cognitive skills to engage with unfamiliar vocabulary	Primary schools report a gap in extended writing, QA shows students are unable to articulate their next steps in learning. 42% of the cohort disadvantaged students (compared with 20% of the cohort of non-disadvantaged students) are below their expected reading age	1
To develop better study skills to support progress in maths through the introduction of Sparx maths (£1600)	Sparx Maths - Impact	
Developing more effective literacy skills for all through Form time reading (with CPD for staff) Fresh start phonics programme for our weakest readers	At St Paul's we recognise that fluency in reading is an essential skill for students to have to enable them to produce excellent outcomes. Consequently, we have a comprehensive program of strategies around literacy and reading. These strategies are evidence-based on the articles below. Why focus on reading fluency? EEF	1

(0024)		
(£934) Using Sparx Reader to maintain positive	2. About Fresh Start - secondary schools - Ruth Miskin Literacy	
reading habits across KS3 (free trial with	Sparx Reader - Home	
Sparx maths) Bench marking reading and identifying	EEF Blog: What do we mean by 'disciplinary literacy'? EEF	
weakest readers with GL assessments	EEF_KS3_KS4_LITERACY_POSTER.pdf	
NGRT (£1067)		
Reading across the curriculum (with CPD for staff)		
Refined and bespoke support for English students. In-school tutors, Academic Lead and Literacy Lead TLR (£7568)	QA and data showed this approach increased student engagement and attainment 2022-23 School staff tuition was more successful than online programmes.	1
Bespoke strategies to support alternate provision funding secured to ensure a range of pathways are accessed for PP learners.	A small percentage of disadvantaged learners complete Key Stage 4 with significantly lower attainment outcomes than non-disadvantaged learners. Alternate provision fulfils a route to enable these learners to pursue appropriate courses providing a bespoke curriculum.	5
A greater range of pathways are explored such as apprenticeship access and careers support (£14000)	Adapted curriculum for those students who cannot cope with the standard pathway at GCSE. Salary contribution for the FP teacher who leads and delivers the programme for 15 students.	
To ensure that students are offered a rich and challenging curriculum suited to need.	0% Neets amongst all students. Future Pathways cohort are particularly vulnerable post covid.	5
Future Pathways (£11850)	270/ of DD atudanta are also EAL	4
Bespoke strategies and interventions to support PP student who are also EAL	37% of PP students are also EAL. EAL coordinator to lead interventions.	1

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £58,193

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
To increase support and mentoring for targeted groups selected by HOY (£14529)	Additional capacity needed following analysis of data on attitudes to school and learning. Mentors will engage with small groups based on need	2,3
Identified students appropriately referred to School Counselor, mentors, early help, Barnardos health shop and a range of other internal and external services. (£15643)	A range of complex needs are identified as barriers to learning and self-actualisation	2,3
Continuation of employment for Assistant Progress Leaders who have a specific responsibility for PP students	Mentors act as a positive role model. In general, mentoring builds confidence, develops resilience and character and raises aspirations. (EEF)	3
All PP students in Years 10 and 11 to receive CIAG external Level 6 meetings (£3167)	PP students are much more 'likely to become NEETs' in Post 16 education. (House of Commons paper: 28 th August 2018)	5
Utilise funding to target widening participation visits to Universities to increase aspiration (£1667)	EEF and Sutton Trust data show that experiences in higher education can directly lead to higher aspiration and stronger outcomes for students.	5
Online learning resources for students and subjects (£15600)	Access to suitable online resources directly contributes to increased attainment. Kerboodle, Satchel, GCSEPod, MyMastery, MyMaths, ExamPro, Educake, National College, Schoolcloud, TenTen, Senec Learning	1,5
Homework Club (£3353)	To enable access to targeted support after school. PP students are less likely to be supported or have access to resources at home.	1,5
Student 'Shine' curriculum (£1000)	To support some of our most vulnerable students with targeted inventions.	1,5
Easter School Year 11 (£2000)	A successful strategy from 2023-24.	1,5

	With targeted support and teaching leading up to the examination period	
Pupil Attitude to Self and School (PASS) evaluations for Well-being and Mental Health (£334)	The Pupil Attitudes to Self and School (PASS) measure takes the guesswork out of understanding why pupils may be reluctant, disengaged or even disruptive learners by sensitively exploring social and emotional wellbeing. It also provides interventions and guidance so you can start to address issues immediately.	2

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £52,789

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
School budget to top up FSM + Breakfast Club (£13333)	Lower attendance rates for PP students caused by illness and lower immunity	1,2
Allocation of funding to include a dedicated Attendance Officer who will focus on reducing Persistent absenteeism (£3333)	In 2023-24 40% of PP students had attendance below 90% compared with Non PP students of which only 20% were below 90%.	3
Duke of Edinburgh Award Scheme. To support students with engagement in valuable extra-curricular activities (£1000)	School engagement is very strong and successful with 84 students participating in the Bronze award. PP students are keen to progress to Silver or engage with Bronze award	4
School Productions To support students participate in whole school cultural capital activities (£1600)	Student voice demonstrates a desire to participate if barriers to attending are removed. Increased cultural capital amongst PP students	4
All students to have a rich and varied experience on World Of Work week (£6000)	Student voice from 2023-24 demonstrates a strong engagement from PP students with 95% of students attributing World of Work week as a direct influencer in career decisions and aspirations used for	4,5
PP Choice Spending (£12667)	Post 16 applications. Student Voice shows that students do not have access to resources or are able to participate in extra-curricular activities and trips equitably with non-PP students. High levels of sanctions issued for incorrect uniform/equipment	4,5
Peripatetic music lessons available to students (£6666)	Learning a musical instrument is a well proven approach to both engaging students in school, improving attendance and giving students the opportunity to be ambitious for themselves	4
Identified students appropriately referred to Pastoral support for a range of internal and external services and interventions (£5523)	A range of complex needs are identified as barriers to learning and developing good learning habits.	

Technology support	Student voice shows that accessing	6,7
(£2667)	ICT at home for home learning and	
	progress is a significant barrier in	
	most PP households in 2023-24.	

Total budgeted cost: £ 148,001

B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2023 to 2024 academic year.

KS4 outcomes

Of the 182 students who were entered for GCSEs at the end of year 11 at St Paul's Catholic School in summer 2024, 33 (18.1%) were disadvantaged, a similar size cohort to last year (19.6%)

The Progress 8 score for disadvantaged students was -0.21, compared with

+0.50 for not-disadvantaged students (+0.30 for all students). The results continue with a three year upward trend.

The Attainment 8 score (A8) for disadvantaged students was 43.2, compared with 53.0 for not-disadvantaged. The results continue with a three year upward trend.

The number of students achieving **5 grade 5 GCSE's including English and Maths** was up to 40% up from 25% in 2023.

The number of students achieving **5 grade 4 GCSE's including English and Maths** was up to 63% up from 53% in 2023.

Source:

Key stage 4 performance, Academic year 2022/23 – Explore education statistics – GOV.UK (explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk)

Attendance

Attendance is reported by FFT Aspire for FSM6 (those who have received school meals in the last 6 years). Last year this was 88.5% which is significantly higher than national for

PP. (3.1% higher) and is significantly higher than national in all year groups.

There are a small number of PP families where there is persistent absence. The Assistant Principal and the Pastoral Teams work with any relevant external agencies to target PP students with Persistent Absence and are working with families to ensure attendance is a priority.

Externally provided programmes (None Purchased)

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider	

Service pupil premium funding (N/A)

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	N/A
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	N/A

Further information (optional)

Use this space to provide any further information about your pupil premium strategy. For example, about your strategy planning, or other activity that you are implementing to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium fundi